Product Description

Manufactured by Pilkington, Mirrorpane ${ }^{T M}$ is a coated grey glass substrate designed for use as a one-way mirror. It provides the ability for undetected observation or security surveillance. To maintain privacy of the observing area, the ratio of illumination between the observed and observing side, must be at least 8:1. With proper lighting, the glass looks like a mirror on the side being observed while offering a clear vision area observing.

## Features \& Benefits

- One-way vision glass creates an opaque mirror-like visual barrier between subjects while allowing observers to see through the glass.
- The pyrolytic coating, or hard coating, is applied during the manufacturing process resulting in an extremely durable and stable coating.
- High-reflectivity under controlled lighting conditions allows for Mirropane to look like typical mirror.


## Resources

CSI 3-Part Specifications available on GGI website, RIB (BSD SpecLink), and ARCAT.com. Contact sales representative to discuss custom fabrication capabilities.


## Product Information

## General Characteristics

| Glass Thickness | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Sheet size | $96^{\prime \prime} \times 130^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Applications | Interior applications |
| Cut to size | Yes |
| Insulating | Yes - coating should <br> face the cavity |
| Tempering | Yes |
| Laminating | Yes |

## Installation

Install Mirrorpane with the reflective surface facing the subject side.

Glazing materials such as adhesive cotton based strips, plastics or rubber channels can be used in a suitable frame.

## Cleaning

Use standard glass cleaners or mild detergents. Do not use abrasive, opaque liquid cleaners, razor blades or acid-based cleaners.

## Design Considerations

- Subject side lighting should be bright and evenly distributed, but not shining directly onto the one-way mirror.
- Observer side lighting should be dim and not shining directly onto the glass.
- Subject side should be decorated in light colors that create shadows, while the observer side should be dark colors, non-reflective and uniform.
- On the observer-side keep people, objects and light sources at a distance of one foot or more from the mirror area.


## PERFORMANCE DATA

| Product | Thickness |  | Glass <br> Substrate | Visible <br> Transmittance <br> $\%$ | Reflectance <br> Coated Side <br> (\%) | Visible <br> Reflectance <br> Glass Side (\%) | Recommended <br> Light Ratio | Proper <br> Glazing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{i n}$. | $\mathbf{m m}$ | 11 | 68 | 16 | $8: 1$ <br> Subject-side: <br> Pilkington <br> Mirropane <br> Observer-side | $1 / 4$ | 6 |
| Grey |  | Mirror <br> coating toward <br> subject-side |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Typical values of Pilkington production are provided
2. Visible data is based on laboratory spectrophotometric measurements weighted by the factors in WS_NFRC_2003.STD in LBNL Window 5.2 software

## Contact us to learn more.

